

Impact of digital India

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Abstract

We are living in area of technologies and digital world. The 'Digital India' programme, an origination of honourable Prime Minister Mr. Narendra Modi, targets to make government services available to people digitally and enjoy the benefit of the newest information and technological innovations. The motto of this research is to find out how the government services can be available to every citizen electronically and improve the quality of life of every citizen. It is a well-known fact that digital India is the outcome of many innovations and technological advancements. Today, every nation wants to be fully digitalized and this programme strives to provide equal benefit to the user and service provider.

Keywords: digital India, digital technology, e-kranti, broadband highways, digital control

Introduction

Technology transforms people's lives. It empowers and connects.

Today we can't imagine our life without technology. In the 21st Century, digitization increase day by day. Digital India is an umbrella programme which covers many departments. It aims at ensuring the government services are made available to citizens electronically by reducing paperwork. It has three core components.

These are including:

- The creation of digital infrastructure.
- Digital literacy.
- Delivering services digitally.

From smart phones to lightning-fast laptops to GPS devices, it's hard to imagine life without technology. This facility will aim to lessen the usage of physical documents and enable sharing of e-documents across organizations. Today, the world has transformed from knowledge savvy. Think of something and it's available in one click. So digital India is a step by the government to inspire and connect Indian economy to such a knowledge savvy world.

It brings out various schemes like E-health digital locker, E-Sign, E-Education etc.

The 'Digital India' programme, an initiative of honourable Prime Minister Mr. Narendra Modi, will emerge new progressions in every sector.

Aims and Objectives of Digital India

1. To know how the technologies and connectivity will come together.
2. To know how the government services can work effectively with practical solutions.

3. To identify major problems and prospects of digital libraries.
4. To suggest possible solutions to eradicate the problem of digital libraries.
5. To ascertain the current status of the existing digital libraries in India.

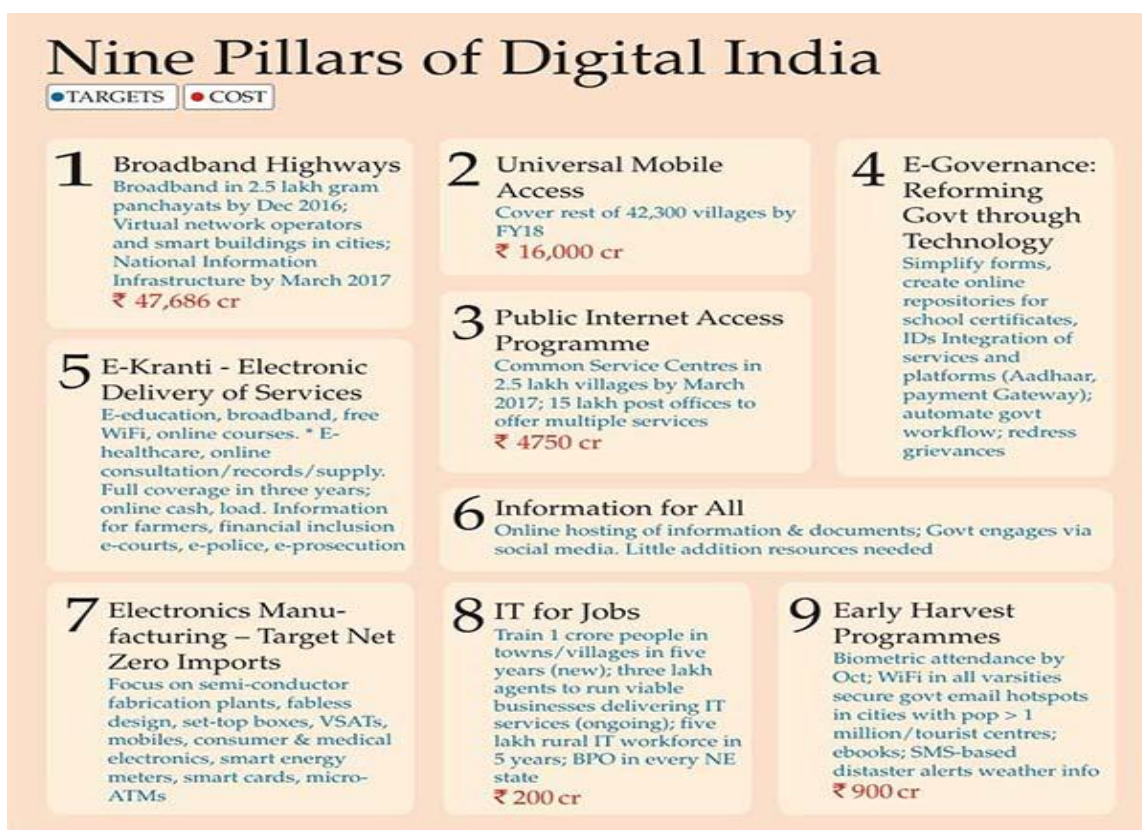
Data collection

In this research we will use secondary data. For this purpose we have been used many journals and magazines. Thus, the focus is to know more about the concept, its application and the impact on economy. Therefore we have been used both qualitative and quantitative data.

Scope of Digital India:

1. The digital India plan is to develop India for a knowledge future.
2. Its cover various department under one umbrella programme.
3. Its target is providing more sense about nine pillars of growth areas.
4. The programme pulls together many schemes like e-health, e-sign, e-education etc.
5. On being transformation to realize IT (Indian Talent) +IT (Information technology) = IT (India tomorrow).
6. Each individual elements stands on its own. But is also a part of the largest goal.
7. Digital India targets to provide the much needed sense to the following nine pillars of growth areas.

Nine Pillars of Digital India



Barriers and Remedies of Digital India

1. Infrastructure deficit such as lack of towers, especially in the country side.
2. Each pillar has its own barriers.
3. Habit to use cash of key barriers of digital payment.
4. Fraud and hidden charges also barriers of digital payment.
5. No separate entity for consumer redress under the program.

To Overcome All these barriers, we need to find some remedies

1. To inspire the youth for making effective DIP.
2. To start a help line number of DIP so that people can aware about all services of digitalization.
3. To move the all villages into smart economics centers to aware all the farmers and villagers directly to e-markets to know to best and actual price of our crops.
4. Provide the facilities of help center in each state to solve public issues.
5. To start a lecture infact mandate a lecture about digital India in every educational institute.
6. To publish the booklets of e-services with picture to awareness of people.
7. Government should conduct the seminars to aware people about the digital services.

Conclusion

To conclude the digital India program is a flagship programme of the government of India to shape by connectivity and technology opportunity. The outcome of digital India is to produce Wi-Fi locations for people, creating job, universal phone connection, high speed internet, digital inclusion, e-

services, e-governance, digital lockers system, e-education. All educational institutions and government services will soon be able to provide I-ways round the clock. Let us all look forward for the successful implementation for this project for the brighter and prosperous India and hope India will again called a Golden Sparrow.

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